

**EMERGENCY PROCEDURE GUIDE – TRANSPORT  
GROUP TEXT CARD 3C1  
FLAMMABLE LIQUID**



<b>NAME:</b> RESIN SOLUTION
<b>Trade Name:</b> Rhinostone Paving Paint

<b>UN No</b>	<b>Hazchem</b>
1263	3Y
PG	III
DG Class	3

**EMERGENCY CONTACTS**  
**POLICE OR FIRE BRIGADE: DIAL 000**

COMPANY	LOCATION	TELEPHONE	CONTACT
Premium Sealers Pty Ltd	9 Orchard Road MADDINGTON 6019 WESTERN AUSTRALIA	0409 111 270	Jason Morrissey

**HAZARDS**

<b>Fire</b>	<p><b>HIGHLY FLAMMABLE:</b> Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Most vapors are heavier than air. They will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Vapor explosion hazard indoors, outdoors or in sewers. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Containers may explode when heated. Many liquids are lighter than water. Substance may be transported hot.</p>
<b>Health</b>	<p>Inhalation or contact with material may irritate or burn skin and eyes. Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases. Vapors may cause dizziness or suffocation. Runoff from fire control or dilution water may cause pollution.</p>
<b>Protective Clothing</b>	<p>Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection.</p>
<b>Public Safety</b>	<p>CALL Emergency Response Telephone Number on Shipping Paper first. If Shipping Paper not available or no answer, refer to appropriate telephone number listed on the inside back cover. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area for at least 50 meters (150 feet) in all directions. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Stay upwind. Keep out of low areas. Ventilate closed spaces before entering.</p>
<b>Evacuation</b>	<p><b>Large Spill</b> Consider initial downwind evacuation of areas within at least 300 metres. <b>Fire</b> If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also, consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions.</p>

## EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

If this happens	Do this
<b>For all emergencies</b>	Shut off engine and electrical equipment and leave off. No smoking or naked lights within 50 metres. Move people from immediate area; keep upwind. Consider initial evacuation distance of 100 metres in all directions. Stop leak if safe to do so. Send messenger to notify fire brigade and police. Tell them location, material quantity UN Number and emergency contact. Indicate condition of vehicle and damage or injuries observed. Warn other traffic.
<b>Tanker/Vehicle accident</b>	Carry out action under FOR ALL EMERGENCIES. Check for spills or leaks. Do not move vehicle if movement could cause spillage or increase spillage.
<b>Spill of leak</b>	ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). For large spills consider further evacuation. Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Stop leak if safe to do so. If available, use water spray to disperse vapour. Small spill; absorb in sand or other non-combustible material. Place in clean drum then flush area with water. Prevent spillage from entering drains by banking with sand or earth. <b>SEEK EXPERT ADVICE ON HANDLING AND DISPOSAL</b>
<b>Fire</b>	<b>CAUTION: All these products have a very low flash point: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.</b> <b>CAUTION: For mixtures containing alcohol or polar solvent, alcohol-resistant foam may be more effective.</b> <b>Small fire:</b> Use foam, dry chemical, CO2 or water spray. <b>Large fire:</b> Water spray, fog or regular foam. Use water spray or fog; do not use straight streams. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. <b>Fire involving tanks:</b> Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discoloration of tank. ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in fire. For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible, withdraw from area and let fire burn.

## FIRST AID

<b>Inhalation</b>	Remove victim to fresh air – Apply resuscitation if victim if not breathing. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult. <b>Transport to hospital or doctor.</b>
<b>Eyes</b>	In case of contact with material, immediately flush skin or eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes. <b>Transport to hospital or doctor.</b>
<b>Skin</b>	Remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Wash affected areas thoroughly with water, and soap, if available. <b>Transport to hospital or doctor.</b>
<b>Burns</b>	Remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Wash affected areas thoroughly with water, and soap, if available. <b>Transport to hospital or doctor.</b>
<b>General</b>	Keep victim warm and quiet – Obtain immediate medical care – Ensure that attending medical personnel are aware of identity and nature of product(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. <b>Immediately transport to hospital or doctor.</b>