

**EMERGENCY PROCEDURE GUIDE – TRANSPORT  
GROUP TEXT CARD 3A1  
FLAMMABLE LIQUID**



<b>NAME:</b> RESIN SOLUTION
<b>Trade Name:</b> Platinum Highlight Matt

<b>UN No</b>	<b>Hazchem</b>
1866	3Y
PG	III
DG	3
<b>Class</b>	

**EMERGENCY CONTACTS**  
**POLICE OR FIRE BRIGADE: DIAL 000**

COMPANY	LOCATION	TELEPHONE	CONTACT
Premium Sealers Pty Ltd	9 Orchard Road MADDINGTON 6019 WESTERN AUSTRALIA	0409 111 270	Jason Morrissey

**HAZARDS**

<b>Fire</b>	<p><b>HIGHLY FLAMMABLE:</b> These products have a low flash point – Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames at ambient temperatures.</p> <p>Vapours will form explosive mixtures with air.</p> <p>Vapours will travel to source of ignition and flash back.</p> <p>Fire may produce irritating, toxic or corrosive gases.</p> <p>Containers may explode when heated.</p> <p>Many liquids are lighter than water.</p> <p>Many vapours are heavier than air and will collect in low or confined areas (drains, basements, tanks).</p> <p>Vapours from runoff may create an explosion hazard.</p> <p>Some may decompose explosively (D) or polymerise violently (P) when heated or involved in a fire.</p>
<b>Health</b>	<p>May irritate or burn skin and eyes.</p> <p>Runoff from fire control or dilution water may pollute waterways.</p> <p>Vapours may cause dizziness or drowsiness.</p>
<b>Protective Clothing</b>	<p>SCBA and gas-tight suits should be worn when dealing with damaged or leaking containers and where there is no risk of ignition.</p> <p>SCBA and structural fire fighting uniform provide limited protection where there is a risk of ignition.</p>
<b>Public Safety</b>	<p><b>IMMEDIATELY CONTACT POLICE OR FIRE BRIGADE</b></p> <p>Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately for at least 25 metres in all directions.</p> <p>Keep unauthorized personnel away.</p> <p>Keep up wind and to higher ground.</p> <p>Ventilate enclosed spaces before entering.</p>
<b>Evacuation</b>	<p><b>Large Spill</b></p> <p>Consider initial downwind evacuation of areas within at least 300 metres.</p> <p><b>Fire</b></p> <p>When any large containers (including rail and road tankers) are involved in a fire, consider initial evacuation of areas within 500 metres in all directions.</p>

## EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

If this happens	Do this
<b>For all emergencies</b>	Shut off engine and electrical equipment and leave off. No smoking or naked lights within 50 metres. Move people from immediate area; keep upwind. Consider initial evacuation distance of 100 metres in all directions. Stop leak if safe to do so. Send messenger to notify fire brigade and police. Tell them location, material quantity UN Number and emergency contact. Indicate condition of vehicle and damage or injuries observed. Warn other traffic.
<b>Tanker/Vehicle accident</b>	Carry out action under FOR ALL EMERGENCIES. Check for spills or leaks. Do not move vehicle if movement could cause spillage or increase spillage.
<b>Spill of leak</b>	ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flame) within at least 50 metres – all equipment used in handling the product must be earthed. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Stop leak if safe to do so – Prevent entry into waterways, drains or confined areas. Vapour-suppressing foam may be used to control vapours. Absorb spill with earth, sand or other non-combustible material – Use clean, non-sparking tools to collect material and place it in loosely-covered metal or plastic containers for later disposal. Water spray may be used to knock down or divert vapour clouds. <b>SEEK EXPERT ADVICE ON HANDLING AND DISPOSAL</b>
<b>Fire</b>	<b>Caution: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.</b> <b>Small fire:</b> Use foam, dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> or water spray. <b>Large fire:</b> Use foam, fog or water spray – do not use water jets. If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Cool container with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Avoid getting water inside containers. <b>Fire involving tanks:</b> Fight fire from protected position or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. When impossible, immediately withdraw from hazard area and let burn. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discolouration of tank. ALWAYS stay away from tank ends.

## FIRST AID

<b>Inhalation</b>	Remove victim to fresh air – Apply resuscitation if victim if not breathing. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult. <b>Transport to hospital or doctor.</b>
<b>Eyes</b>	In case of contact with material, immediately flush skin or eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes. <b>Transport to hospital or doctor.</b>
<b>Skin</b>	Removed contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. <b>Transport to hospital or doctor.</b>
<b>General</b>	Keep victim warm and quiet – Obtain immediate medical care – Ensure that attending medical personnel are aware of identity and nature of product(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. <b>Immediately transport to hospital or doctor.</b>